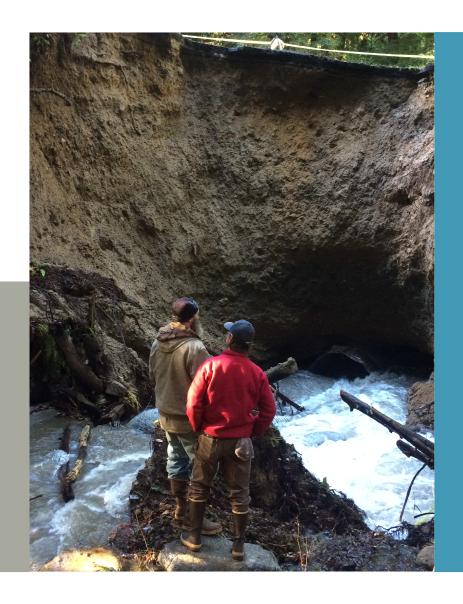
ROCKY CREEK, POST-WILDFIRE DEBRIS FLOODING ALONG PALO COLORADO ROAD BIG SUR, CA

CA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, WATERSHED UNIVERSITY

OCTOBER 16, 2018



THE SPEAKER



Alex Yescas, PE, CFM, ENV SP HDR

Water Resources Sector Lead

- Vice Chair, Floodplain Management Association
- Monterey County Fire
- Orange County Fires
- San Diego County Fires
- Ventura County Fires

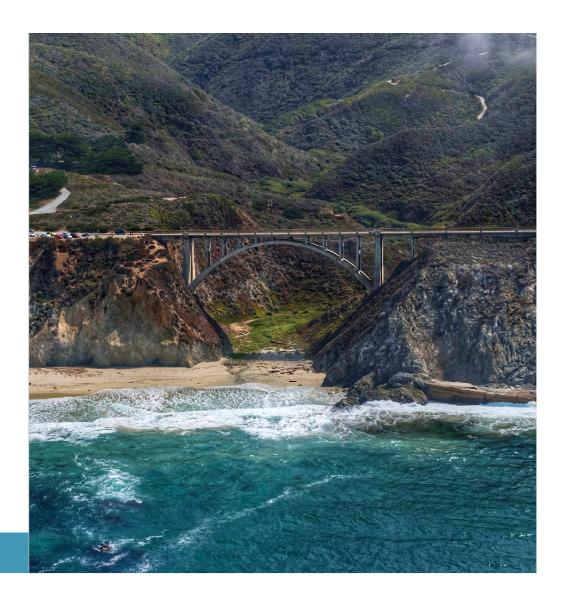
AGENDA

- The Setting Fire & Rain
- The Repair Designing a Solution
- The FEMA Factor
- Lessons Learned
- Questions/Discussion



THE SETTING

Fire + Rain



BACKGROUND + TIMELINE OF EVENTS



PALO COLORADO CANYON Remote location

Big Sur, Monterey County

- Rocky Creek flows down canyon
- Project site 3 miles inland from Highway 1





Remote location

PALO COLORADO CANYON

Established Community











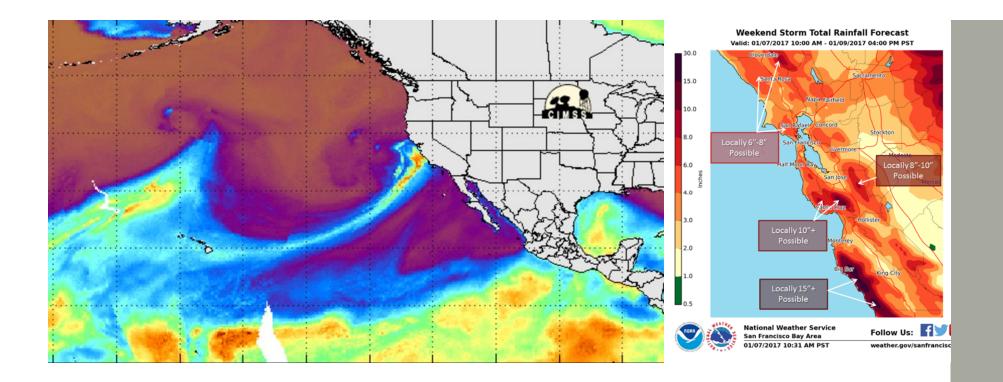












2016-2017 WINTER STORMS / ATMOSPHERIC RIVERS

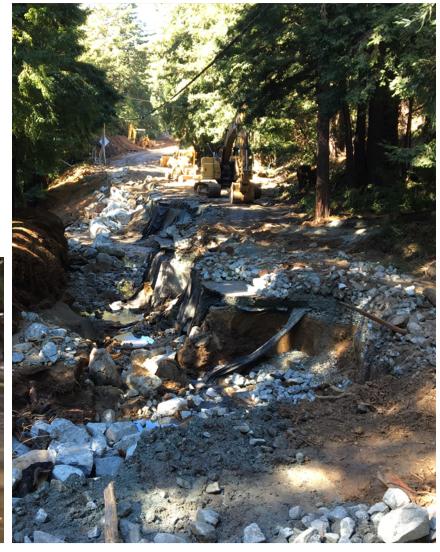
2016-2017 WINTER STORMS



CREEK SCOUR AND MIGRATION







ROAD FAILURES



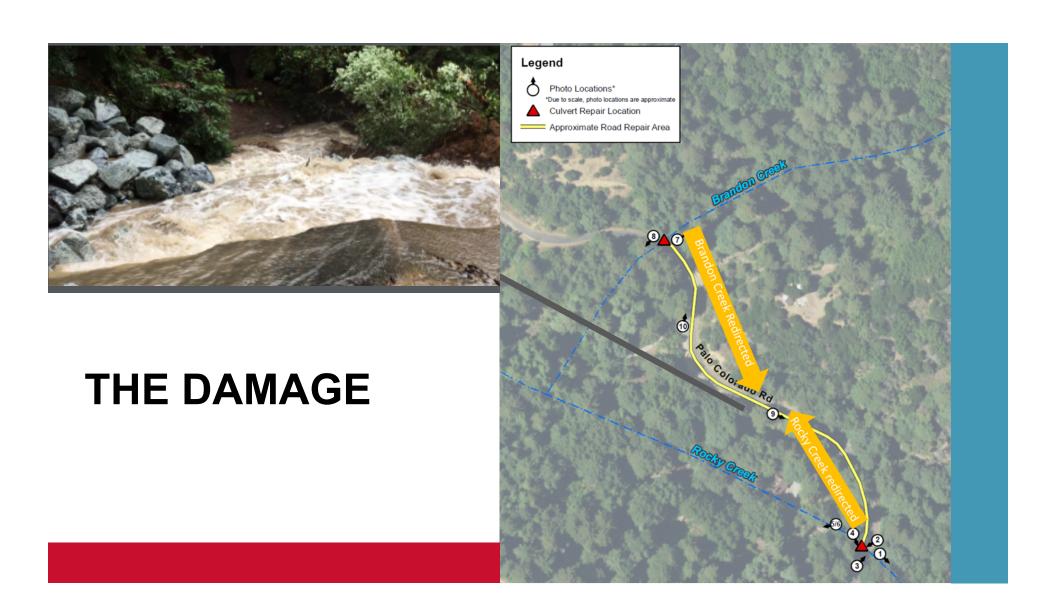
DEBRIS DAMS



THE REPAIR Designing a Solution







THE DAMAGE

Rocky Creek Culvert (upstream side)







THE DAMAGE

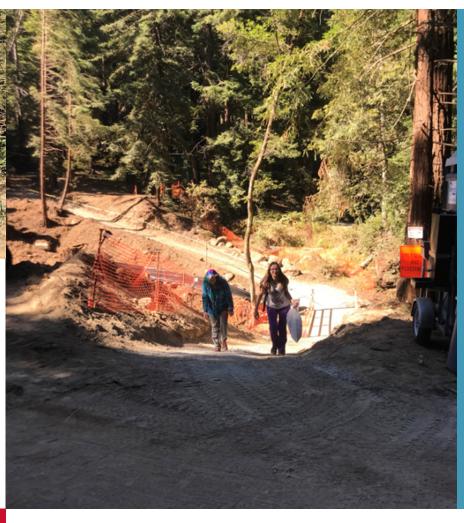




THE DAMAGE



ACCESS LIMITATIONS FOR RESIDENTS AND SAFETY VEHICLES



BAER AND WERT REPORTS

Burned Area Emergency Response Sobranes Fire Los Padres National Forest Hydrology and Watershed Specialist Report September 6, 2016



Ocean view from the Joshua Creek watershed

Submitted by: Luke Rutten, Tahoe National Forest Kelsha L. Anderson, Angeles National Forest

Soberanes Fire

Watershed Emergency Response

Team Report



CA-BEU-003422

September 29, 2016









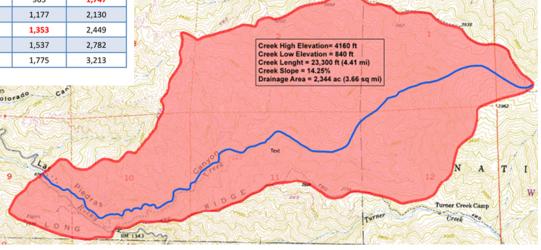


COUNTY OF MONTEREY HYDROLOGY – REFERENCED USGS REGRESSION

Table 1 -USGS Regression Equations - Rocky Creek Hydrology at Palo Colorado Road Crossing

Storm Event	USGS Hydrologic Regression Equations Central Coast	Drainage Area (sq-mi)	Annual Precipitation (in)	Discharge, Q (cfs)	Bulked* Discharge Q*1.81 (cfs)
2-year	0.00459*(DRNAREA)^0.856*(PRECIP)^2.58	3.59	43	225	406
5-year	0.0984*(DRNAREA)^0.852*(PRECIP)^1.97	3.59	43	483	874
10-year	0.460*(DRNAREA)^0.846*(PRECIP)^1.66	3.59	43	698	1,264
25-year	2.13*(DRNAREA)^0.842*(PRECIP)^1.34	3.59	43	965	1,747
50-year	5.32*(DRNAREA)^0.840*(PRECIP)^1.15	3.59	43	1,177	2,130
100-year	11.0*(DRNAREA)^0.840*(PRECIP)^0.994	3.59	43	1,353	2,449
200-year	20.3*(DRNAREA)^0.840*(PRECIP)^0.865	3.59	43	1,537	2,782
500-year	39.0*(DRNAREA)^0.842*(PRECIP)^0.729	3.59	43	1,775	3,213

^{*}Bulked factor of 1.81 is based on an evaluation by Cal OES WERT



DESIGN APPROACH

Meet with Permitting Agencies

Engage Design Team Present Design Alternatives Submit 30%
Design &
Cost
Estimate

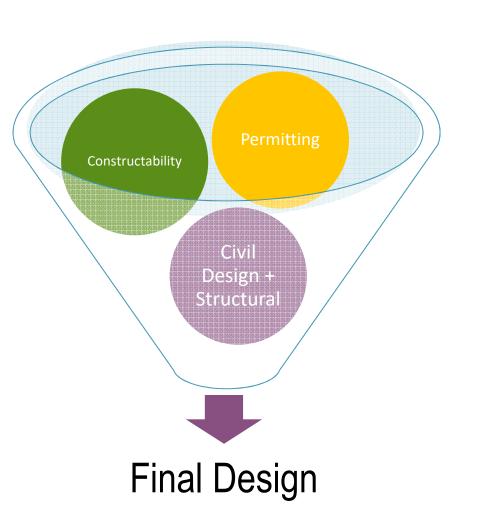
Develop 80% Design Develop 100% Design

Coordinate with Permitting Agencies

Coordinate with FEMA + Cal OES

INTEGRATED APPROACH

Producing Final Design Plans

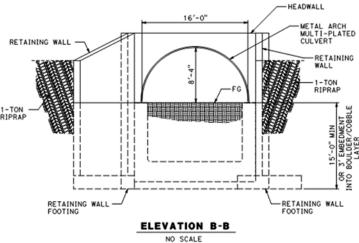


PRIORITIZE ALTERNATIVES - 30% DESIGN

Location	Recommended Design Alternative	Cost Effective	Expedited Schedule	Emergency Access	Constructible	Permitable
	Bridge on Slab (Recommended)		✓	✓	✓	✓
Rocky	10x13 Metal Arch Span	✓			✓	✓
Creek	10x8 Concrete Box Culvert	✓			✓	✓
Brandon Creek	2-48" CMPs	√	✓	✓	√	✓
Palo Colorado Road	MSE Wall at Washout Area (Recommended)			✓	√	✓
	Max Fill Slope			✓	✓	

NEW CULVERT CROSSING CONSTRUCTED ON SITE



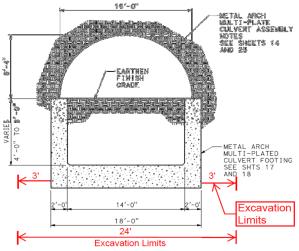


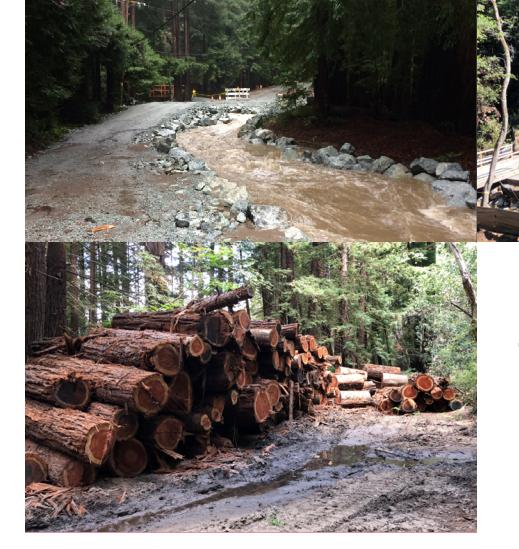
CONSTRUCTABILITY

Designing a Solution

Design	Footing Type	Excavation Amount (CY)	Excavation Depth (ft)	Excavation Width (ft)
80%	Spread Footing	10,000	32	34
100%	"U-Shaped" Footing	8,000	28-32	24







REMOVAL OF COASTAL REDWOODS





Monterey County is Eligible

Eligibility Criteria

- Direct result of declared disaster
- Located within the designated disaster area
- Must be the legal responsibility of the applicant



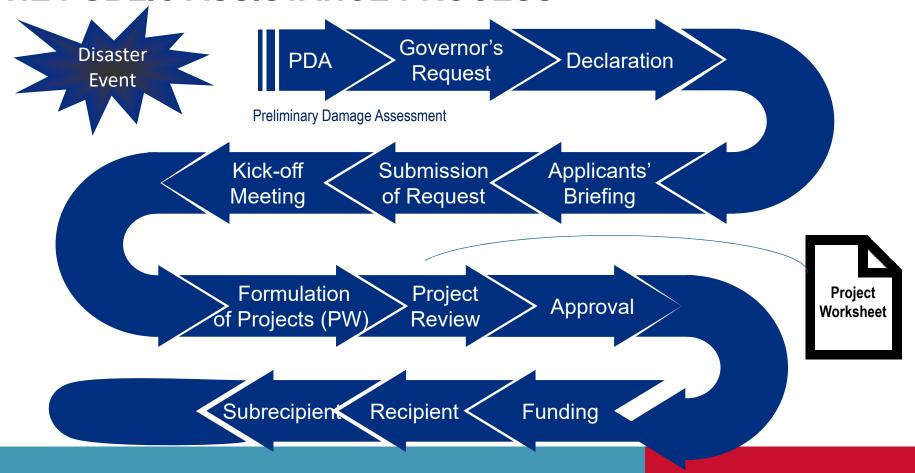
The Project is Eligible

Eligible Work (Categories A-G)

- Emergency Work
 - A. Debris removal
 - B. Emergency protective measures
- Permanent Work
 - C. Roads & Bridges
 - D. Water Control Facilities
 - E. Buildings & Equipment
 - F. Utilities
 - G. Parks & Recreation Facilities



THE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROCESS



Challenge #1 Replace or Improve?

Repair or Replacement Projects – FEMA pays

- Restore to pre-disaster design, function and capacity
- Possibly upgrade necessary to meet the requirements of reasonable codes and standards

Improved Projects – County pays

Improve above/beyond pre-disaster condition

Agency	Reimbursement	Cost
FEMA	75%	\$3.75M
State	18.5%	\$925K
County	6.5%	\$325K

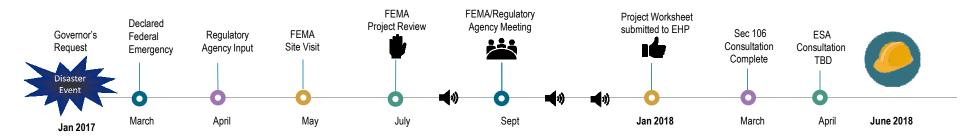
^{*}Based on estimated construction cost of \$5M





Challenge #2 other disasters

Challenges



FEMA Staff Deployed to Other Disasters (July-December 2017)

LESSONS LEARNED

Design

- Involvement during emergency repairs
- Collaboration
 - Engineering
 - Environmental
 - Regulatory Agencies
 - FEMA
- Documentation

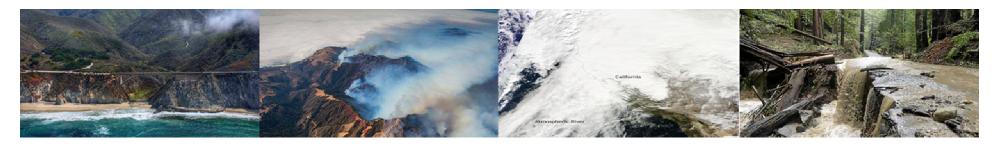
Environmental

- Early technical input involving all permitting agencies Engineering
 - USACE
 - RWQCB
 - CDFW
- Verify wetland delineation early
- Documentation

FEMA

- Understanding the process and what's allowed
- Regulatory agency involvement for "Codes & Standards" justification
- Documentation

ROCKY CREEK, POST-WILDFIRE DEBRIS FLOODING ALONG PALO COLORADO ROAD



Remote Location

2016 Soberanes Fire

2016-2017 Winter Storms

Damage

THANK YOU

QUESTIONS/DISCUSSION